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State/Territory Name: South Dakota

State Plan Amendment (SPA) #: SD-15-0006

This file contains the following documents in the order listed:

- 1) Approval Letter
- 2) CMS 179 Form/Summary Form (with 179-like data)
- 3) Approved SPA Pages

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
1961 Stout Street, Room 08-148
Denver, CO 80294



Region VIII

October 29, 2015

Lynne Valenti, Secretary
Department of Social Services
Richard F. Kneip Building
700 Governors Drive
Pierre, SD 57501-2291

RE: South Dakota #15-0006

Dear Ms. Valenti:

We have reviewed the proposed State Plan Amendment (SPA) submitted under transmittal number (TN) 15-0006. This SPA proposes to amend Attachment 4.22-A, pages 1-2, concerning diagnoses and trauma code edits for third party liability. This SPA removes the ICD-9 codes from the State plan.

Please be informed that this State Plan Amendment was approved today with an effective date of October 1, 2015. We are enclosing the CMS-179 and the amended plan pages(s).

If you have any questions concerning this amendment, please contact Cindy Riddle at (303) 844-7116.

Sincerely,

Richard C. Allen
Associate Regional Administrator
Division of Medicaid and Children's Health Operations

Enclosure

cc: Brenda Tidball-Zeltinger, Deputy Secretary
Ann Schwartz, Deputy Director

TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN MATERIAL FOR: CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES	1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER: SD-15-0006	2. STATE: South Dakota
	3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)	
TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE October 1, 2015	

5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check One):

NEW STATE PLAN AMENDMENT TO BE CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN AMENDMENT


COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AMENDMENT (Separate Transmittal for each amendment)

6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION: 42 CFR 433.138(e)	7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT: a. FFY 2016: \$ 0.00
8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT: Attachment 4.22-A, Pages 1-2	9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable): Attachment 4.22-A, Pages 1-2

10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT:
This State Plan Amendment removes ICD-9 diagnosis codes from the State Plan.

11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One):

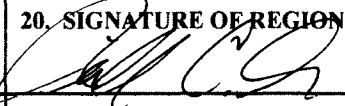
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT OTHER, AS SPECIFIED:
 COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED
 NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL

12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL: 	16. RETURN TO: DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES DIVISION OF MEDICAL SERVICES 700 GOVERNORS DRIVE PIERRE, SD 57501-2291
13. TYPED NAME: Lynne A. Valenti	
14. TITLE: Cabinet Secretary	
15. DATE SUBMITTED: 10/09/2015	

FOR REGIONAL OFFICE USE ONLY

17. DATE RECEIVED: 10/09/15	18. DATE APPROVED: 10/29/15
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PLAN APPROVED - ONE COPY ATTACHED

19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL: 10/01/15	20. SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL: 
21. TYPED NAME: Richard C. Allen	22. TITLE: ARA, DMCHO

23. REMARKS:

FORM CMS-179 (07-92)

State/Territory: **South Dakota**

Requirements for Third Party Liability

Health Insurance

The Department of Social Services (DSS) begins identifying any liable third party by obtaining health insurance information from an applicant or recipient at the time of initial application for benefits and at each re-determination of eligibility. DSS also obtains health insurance information from the Social Security Administration pursuant to a 1634 agreement. South Dakota also has laws which require third parties to comply with the provisions of 1902(a)(25)(H) and (I) of the Social Security Act. DSS runs data matches comparing the information from third parties to assist in identifying unknown health insurance resources. The eligibility and health insurance information gathered by DSS in these data matches is captured in computer applications for use in claims adjudication.

Data Exchanges

DSS has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the South Dakota Department of Labor (DOL) under which DOL provides DSS with information concerning employment-related injuries or illnesses upon request. A similar MOU exists between DSS and the Department of Public Safety (DPS) in which DPS provides DSS with motor vehicle accident reports upon request.

DSS exchanges data with DOL and DPS on an ad hoc basis as regularly scheduled data matches have historically generated few instances of motor vehicle accidents or work related injuries of which DSS was not already aware. When a motor vehicle accident is identified, DSS requests data from DPS to help identify all liable third parties, confirm the details of the loss, and confirm if other recipients were involved.

Similarly, when a possible work related injury is identified, DSS requests data from DOL to help identify liable third parties, the details of the loss, and confirm if payments have been made. Almost all initial identification of possible work-related injuries or motor vehicle accidents is made through diagnosis and trauma code follow-up or attorney contact.

Diagnosis & Trauma Code Edits

Following each provider payroll cycle, data from all associated paid claims with diagnosis codes which have not otherwise been granted exclusion is captured in a computer application. DSS either adds the data as new records or updates any existing records based on the related diagnosis codes. Initial follow-up inquiries are generated weekly and mailed to the recipient for each incident once the accumulation of paid services with related diagnosis codes meets or exceeds the cost-effective threshold. DSS tracks the outcome of the follow-up inquiries in the computer application and utilizes this information to determine whether a resource exists so recovery should be initiated.

Incidents with serious and high expenditure claims costs with possible recovery which could include the excluded diagnosis codes can still be identified due to other diagnosis codes on which follow-up is conducted or by notice of attorney representation in the case of a liable third party existing.

Based on historical data, follow up will be excluded for the diagnoses listed below as there has never been a liable third party resource to recover from or the amount of expenditures was minor when a resource was identified:

Fractures: trunk, scapula, carpal, sternum, larynx, trachea, arms, legs, extremities;
Dislocations;
Sprains: arm, hip;
Internal injury: GI tract, abs, kidney, pelvic;
Open wound: finger, butt, eye, knee, ankle, toe;
Amputation finger, thumb, toe when diabetic related code is also present;
Vessel injury; Late effect injury;
Superficial injuries, bug bites; Foreign body in ear, nose, throat; Nerve injury;
Poisoning: antibiotics and other medications; Toxicity: alcohol, tobacco, and other agents; and
Effects of radiation, heat, air pressure, replace pacemakers & other devices.

Cost-Effective Thresholds

The Medicaid Management Information System contains edits which deny payment for claims submitted by providers when the existence of private health insurance is known unless otherwise mandated by law, the claim indicates that a third party payment has been received by the provider, or that the third party has denied payment for the services.

The initiation of any third party recovery action is based on the accumulation of claims for services provided to an individual, which accumulation has resulted in paid claims which meet reimbursement criteria and meet or exceed the cost-effective threshold. Reimbursement criteria may include consideration of things such as coverage data, claims data, filing requirements, regulatory requirements, or procedures. The cost-effective threshold is calculated by combining the salary and benefit costs with the associated administrative expenses and dividing by hours worked to create an average hourly case cost. This average hourly case cost is multiplied by the estimated time necessary to conduct a recovery case and the anticipated recovery expense.