January 20, 2019

ATTENTION: Medicaid Providers

FROM: South Dakota Medicaid and Department of Human Services

RE: Updated Incontinence Supplies Service Limit

Service Limit
South Dakota Medicaid updated the annual service limit for incontinence supplies from $1,345 to $2,500 for any services provided on or after July 1, 2019. Claims submitted on or after January 25, 2020 will process according to the updated limit.

The Family Support waiver has auto-authorized recipients with a Family Support Level of Care to an annual limit of $3,500. Providers may verify a recipient's level of care by utilizing the South Dakota Medicaid Online Portal.

Recipients may exceed this limit with authorization from South Dakota Medicaid or the recipient's HCBS waiver. If the recipient is enrolled in a HCBS waiver operated by the Department of Human Services, authorization to exceed the limit must be obtained from the Department of Human Services. Enrollment in an HCBS waiver may be verified using the South Dakota Medicaid Online Portal.

Service Limit Inquiry
South Dakota Medicaid offers a Service Limit lookup tool through the “Recipient Info” tab on the Medicaid Portal.

Providers have the ability to search incontinence supply service limits on a given recipient. The results returned on the “Service Limits” tool are not a guarantee of coverage or eligibility.

For additional information see the Service Limits User Guide.

South Dakota Medicaid sent previous policy guidance on incontinence supplies on July 25 and September 20. Updated versions of these communications with the new limits are included in this letter below.
July 25, 2019 Policy Letter

Effective July 1, 2019 all incontinence supplies including those through Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver will be routed through the Medicaid State Plan as part of the Durable Medical Equipment and Supplies benefit. Provider and recipients must follow the rules outlined in ARSD 67:16:29 for obtaining Durable Medical Equipment and Supplies when supplying or obtaining incontinence supplies.

Eligible Individuals
Individuals must have a medical condition that involves loss of bladder or bowel control and be at least 3 years of age to receive incontinence supplies. Individuals residing in a nursing facility, intermediate care facility or hospital are not eligible for incontinence supplies as supplies are considered included in the institutional cost of care. All supplies must meet South Dakota Medicaid's medical necessity guidelines as described in ARSD 67:16:01:06:02.

Service Limits
Payments for incontinence supplies will be limited to $2,500 per recipient per plan year (July 1 to June 30) unless otherwise specified by the Department of Human Services. Recipients may exceed this limit with authorization from South Dakota Medicaid or the recipient’s HCBS waiver. If the recipient is enrolled in a HCBS waiver operated by the Department of Human Services, authorization to exceed the limit must be obtained from the Department of Human Services. Enrollment in an HCBS waiver may be verified using the South Dakota Medicaid Online Portal.

HCPC Codes
Effective July 1, 2019, South Dakota Medicaid will utilize HCPCs T4521 through T4545 for billing incontinence supplies. Providers are expected to bill per piece for a 30 day supply and follow recognized coding guidelines for billing incontinence supplies. Gloves must be billed using HCPC A4927. Wipes must be billed using HCPC A4335. Providers may not use any other codes to bill for incontinence supplies after July 1, 2019. Billing for incontinence supplies under other HCPC codes may be considered fraudulent or abuse of the program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPC</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T4521</td>
<td>Adult Diaper/Brief Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4522</td>
<td>Adult Diaper/Brief Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4523</td>
<td>Adult Diaper/Brief Large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4524</td>
<td>Adult Diaper/Brief XL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4525</td>
<td>Adult Underwear/Pull-On Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4526</td>
<td>Adult Underwear/Pull-On Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4527</td>
<td>Adult Underwear/Pull-On Large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4528</td>
<td>Adult Underwear/Pull-On XL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4529</td>
<td>Pediatric Diaper/Brief Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4530</td>
<td>Pediatric Diaper/Brief Large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4531</td>
<td>Pediatric Underwear/Pull-On Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4532</td>
<td>Pediatric Underwear/Pull-On Large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4533</td>
<td>Youth Diaper/Brief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4534</td>
<td>Youth Underwear/Pull-On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4535</td>
<td>Disposable liner/shield/pad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4537</td>
<td>Reusable underpad bed size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4539</td>
<td>Reusable diaper/brief any size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCPCS</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4540</td>
<td>Reusable underpad chair size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4541</td>
<td>Large disposable underpad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4542</td>
<td>Small disposable underpad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4543</td>
<td>Adult Diaper/Brief Above XL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4544</td>
<td>Adult Underwear/Pull-On Above XL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4545</td>
<td>Penile Wrap</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reimbursement**

HCPCs T4521 through T4545 will be reimbursed according to South Dakota Medicaid’s fee schedule rate or at 90% of billed charges if there is no established fee. Providers must bill no more than the provider’s usual and customary charge. The usual and customary charge is defined in ARSD 67:16:01:01 as the individual provider’s normal charge to the general public for a specific service on the day the service was provided within the range of charges made by similar providers for such services and consistent with the prevailing market rates in the geographic area for comparable services. Billing above the usual and customary charge may be considered fraudulent or abuse of the program.

**Physician Order and Certificate of Medical Necessity (CMN)**

Incontinence supplies must be ordered by a physician or other licensed practitioner. Documentation substantiating the recipient’s condition and the diagnosis requiring incontinence supplies must be on file with the provider. The ordering provider must also sign and date a certificate of medical necessity (CMN) that meets the requirements of ARSD 67:16:29:04.02.

**Provider Qualifications and Taxonomy Code**

Providers supplying incontinence supplies must be a Medicare recognized durable medical equipment supplier and be enrolled as a durable medical equipment provider with South Dakota Medicaid. Providers must bill using taxonomy code 332B00000X. Prior to billing, providers should login to SDMEDX to ensure this taxonomy code is listed as active and ongoing under the specialization step of their enrollment record. If changes are made, be sure to submit them for State review and approval. For questions regarding provider enrollment, providers should contact the Provider Enrollment Team via email at SDMEDXgeneral@state.sd.us or 866-718-0084.
September 20, 2019 Policy Letter

Prior Authorization
The recipient’s provider may submit a PA when a recipient is close to reaching the limit for incontinence supplies during the plan year (July1 – June 30). Submitting a PA prior to the recipient reaching the limit may result in incorrect billing and/or claim denials. The PA must include the relevant CPT and the estimated monthly units. The Certificate of Medical Necessity (CMN) must be submitted with the PA. The provider can use the current CMN already on record for the recipient; a new CMN is not required. The CMN must be updated annually. The provider should also include any other supporting documentation detailing the reason the recipient needs incontinence supplies exceeding the annual limit.

Submitting prior authorization requests
Prior authorization requests for incontinence supplies must be submitted via fax to the Division associated with the recipient’s Level of Care. PA’s submitted to the incorrect Division will be denied and will need to be resubmitted to the appropriate Division. Recipient Level of Care can be verified using the South Dakota Medicaid Online Portal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level of Care</th>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADLS</td>
<td>Rehabilitation Services</td>
<td>605-773-5483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOPE</td>
<td>Long Term Services and Supports</td>
<td>605-773-4085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Support 360</td>
<td>Developmental Disabilities</td>
<td>605-773-7562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHOICES</td>
<td>Developmental Disabilities</td>
<td>605-773-7562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Others</td>
<td>DSS</td>
<td>605-773-5246</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Frequently Asked Questions

Limits and Dispensing

- **Are recipients restricted to certain brands of products?**
  - No. Recipients may receive any brand of products they choose from an enrolled Medicaid provider. Recipients should be mindful of the associated limits and budget accordingly.

- **What quantities should providers dispense?**
  - Providers should dispense no more than one month of products at a time.

- **Can products be auto-filled?**
  - No. Like other DME supplies, recipients or their designee must make a request for more supplies.

- **Is there a copay for incontinence supplies?**
  - Yes, like other DME supplies, incontinence supplies have a cost share (copay) of 5% of the Medicaid allowable for individuals that have a cost share. Providers can see if an individual has a cost share by utilizing the Medicaid Online Portal. More information about cost sharing is available here: [https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/recipients/costsharing.aspx](https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/recipients/costsharing.aspx)

- **Who is exempt from a copay?**
  - Individuals exempt from cost sharing include:
    - Children under age 21;
    - Individuals receiving hospice care;
    - Individuals residing in a long-term care facility or receiving home and community-based services;
    - American Indians who have ever received an item or service furnished by an Indian Health Services (IHS) provider or through referral under contract health services; and
    - Individuals eligible for Medicaid through the Breast and Cervical Cancer program.
  - Providers can see if an individual has a cost share by utilizing the Medicaid Online Portal. More information about cost sharing is available here: [https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/recipients/costsharing.aspx](https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/recipients/costsharing.aspx)

- **Can recipients receive gloves when care occurs in a group or residential setting?**
  - **Are gloves for providers covered under the recipient’s Medicaid number?**
    - No. Products to practice infection control and ensure health and safety as it relates to universal precautions is the responsibility of the provider. Gloves are not covered for provider use in Assisted Living, Group Home, Supervised Apartment, and Day settings.
    - Gloves are not covered for use by a home health, private duty nursing, or personal...
- Are gloves covered for use by a primary caregiver?
  - Yes, gloves are covered for use by a primary caregiver (ex. Spouse, Parent, Child, Personal Care Attendant).
  - Can providers charge recipients separately for delivery?
  - No. Delivery is considered included in the cost of supplies per 67:16:29:07.

- Can recipients get any combination of products listed as long as it follows the prescription and is under the $2,500 limit?
  - Yes. Please note that South Dakota Medicaid will review submitted claims for suspected fraud, waste or abuse.

- Is there a monthly dollar limit for incontinence supplies?
  - No. The limit is an annual limit. Recipient should be mindful of the annual limit and budget accordingly. Should providers dispense any quantity of the HCPCs listed that are prescribed as long the total dollars are available?
  - Providers should dispense incontinence supply products in monthly quantities.

- Are gloves (A4927) and wipes (A4335) included in the $2,500 limit? If not, how much, dollars and/or quantities are covered?
  - Gloves (A4927) are not included in the $2,500 limit and do not currently have a quantity limit. Wipes (A4335) are included in the $2,500 limit.

- A case manager told us that the change did not apply to the Statewide Family Support program. Is this true?
  - The change applies to all Medicaid eligible individuals. Providers may verify Medicaid eligibility by utilizing the Eligibility Inquiry on the Medicaid Online Portal.

- Is there coverage for recipients under 3 still available under HCBS Waiver?
  - No, coverage for incontinence supplies will begin at 3 years of age for all Medicaid recipients.

- Family Support recipients have been told that their limit is $3,500 not $2,500 as stated in Medicaid's guidance. Which total dollar amount is correct?
  - The Family Support waiver has automatically authorized all Family Support participants for $3,500 of incontinence supplies due to the historic need of these individuals. A provider can determine if a recipient is on the Family Support waiver by utilizing the Eligibility Inquiry on the Medicaid Online Portal.

- Will providers have a way to check how much a recipient has used of their spending limit?
  - South Dakota Medicaid offers a Service Limit look up tool on the Medicaid Portal. This look up tool will allow users to search for the incontinence supply amount for a given recipient. Providers are still encouraged to track their billing to South Dakota...
Medicaid. Recipients are encouraged to utilize a single provider for supplies or to track their spending if they are utilizing multiple providers.

- **How will a supplier know when to apply for prior authorization for overage quantities?**
  - A prior authorization from either DSS or the individual’s HCBS waiver will be required to exceed the $2,500 maximum.

- **Can a supplier decide to not supply incontinence supplies to Medicaid recipients but still provide incontinence supplies to other customers?**
  - This practice would be considered discriminatory. Providers must treat Medicaid recipients the same as the general public and are not allowed to discriminate on the basis of pay source as outlined in the South Dakota Medicaid provider agreement.

**Prescription and Certificate of Medical Necessity**

- **Do the recipients need to have a prescription as of July 1 and does their current authorization end July 1?**
  - Yes, recipients should have a prescription for any supplies obtained after June 30, 2019. After July 1, 2019 incontinence supplies may no longer be billed to the HCBS waiver.

- **Should the prescriber note an amount of supplies on the prescription or CMN?**
  - Yes, the prescriber should note a quantity or amount of supplies on the prescription for a 30 day supply and that information should also be noted on the CMN form. Information in the recipient’s medical record should support the amount prescribed. If the prescriber is unsure of the amount to prescribe, the prescriber should write orders for a shorter duration of time and adjust the amount based on medical need.

- **Does the patient have to have a face-to-face visit at time of order?**
  - No, a face-to-face visit is not required for the prescription.

- **Will suppliers be required to get and retain the notes on file?**
  - Suppliers should retain a copy of the prescription and the CMN form in their records. These documents do not need to be submitted with the claim.

- **The term “temporary need” is confusing: please clarify.**
  - The letter has been updated to remove the word “temporary.”

- **How often will the CMN need to be renewed? 6 months or 1 Year?**
  - CMNs should be renewed every year or as the recipient’s needs change.

- **Does the CMN have to be changed if the patient changes supplies?**
  - CMNs should be updated if the recipient’s needs change and result in a change to the amount or scope of supplies. A change to a different brand or size does not
For normal quantities, are just a prescription and SD CMN required for documentation?
  o Yes.

Who populates the “Purchase Price” on the SD CMN? What amount goes in that field since the dollar amount of supplies that will be used is unknown at the time a CMN is obtained?
  o The provider should estimate the amount of supplies and associated dollar amount to be used by the recipient each month. The physician or the DME provider may populate the purchase price.

What goes in the “Manufacturer” and “Equipment Serial #” field on the SD CMN for incontinence supplies?
  o Providers may put N/A as this information does not apply to incontinence supplies.

Are nurse practitioners and physician assistants able to sign the RX and SD CMN?
  o Yes.

Does SD Medicaid have a way to verify that the prescribing physician is enrolled in SD Medicaid?
  o Most providers are enrolled in South Dakota Medicaid. The prescribing provider will be verified against South Dakota Medicaid’s streamlined enrollment file.

Claim Submission

Will providers have to bill the Medicare first for the denial if Medicare is primary and Medicaid is second? Is this the same for other third-party payers that are primary and Medicaid secondary?
  o Since Medicare does not cover incontinence supplies, providers will not have to bill Medicare prior to billing South Dakota Medicaid for supplies. Providers must bill other third-party primary health insurance as applicable.

Will providers have to send documentation in with each paper claim like they are currently doing for waiver?
  o No, documentation will not be required for every claim. Documentation must be available upon request by South Dakota Medicaid. Providers are encouraged to submit electronic claims when possible.

Will the items be billed on a per item basis? Example: 1 brief vs 1 bag
  o All items should be billed according to standard coding guidelines on a per piece basis. I.E. A package of 20 briefs should be billed as 20 units.

If a recipient has private insurance, is an explanation of benefit (EOB) required?
  o A provider must attach the EOB to each claim form, a claim cannot be processed without the EOB.
A recipient has private insurance and Medicaid, how do we ensure claims are paid?
  o A recipient must use both a Medicaid enrolled provider and an in-network provider for their private insurance to ensure Medicaid coverage of incontinence supplies.

Diagnosis Codes

Are there specific ICD-10 codes that are required to be used for claim submission?
  o The listed code should be for incontinence or for the condition causing incontinence.

Is there a list of approved diagnosis codes?
  o No. Providers should use the most specific code available.

Is there anything that won’t be accepted?
  o Providers should use a diagnosis code that corresponds to the reason the recipient requires diagnosis codes.

Can providers continue to use the “generic code” (R6889) that was previously identified?
  o Providers should always use the most specific code available that relates to the recipient’s need for incontinence supplies. R6889 is not specific to incontinence supplies.

Does the diagnosis code on the claim have to match the diagnosis on the CMN?
  o Yes. The code must correlate to the diagnosis code on the claim form.