REFERRALS

OVERVIEW
Referrals are a key component of continuity of care for South Dakota Medicaid recipients. Most medical services require either an attending, ordering, referring or prescribing (ORP) provider for claims payment. For more information, view the ORP manual.

Other program requirements such as medical necessity, eligibility, program prior authorization requirements, and coverage limitations apply even if a referral has been provided. Out of state services require both a referral and a prior authorization in most instances. For more information on prior authorizations refer to the Prior Authorization Manual.

Care Management Programs
Most recipients are enrolled in either the Primary Care Provider (PCP) or Health Home (HH) programs. Recipients in these programs are required to receive most of their care from their PCP, HH, or designated covering provider (hereafter PCP, HH, and designated covering provider are referred to as “Care Management”). All referrals for recipients in a Care Management program are required to come from the PCP or HH unless otherwise noted in this manual.

ATTENDING, ORDERING, REFERRING OR PRESCRIBING PROVIDER (ORP)
In most situations the provider rendering the service as well as the provider billing for the service must have completed an online enrollment application and complied with the terms of participation as identified in the provider agreement and other applicable regulations including Administrative Rules of South Dakota ARSD § 67:16 which govern the Medicaid Program.

In the situation where the attending, ordering, referring, or prescribing (ORP) provider is not seeking direct reimbursement for their services (ex: hospital charges), South Dakota Medicaid has a streamlined enrollment process that generally requires no action on the part of the provider outside of claim submission for the ORP provider to be deemed “enrolled” for purposes of reimbursement.

Covered services being rendered by an individual who is ineligible to enroll (ex: CNA, RN), are generally addressed on the claim through the required listing of the eligible supervising or ORP physician, or supervising QMHP in the case of services at a CMHC as noted in the applicable provider manual. Services by an individual ineligible to enroll are subject to the rules, regulations and requirements of the South Dakota Medicaid Program. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in monetary recovery, or civil or criminal action.

REQUIRED REFERRAL INFORMATION
The following information is required to complete a referral:

- Recipient name;
- Referred to provider’s name;
- Services or condition;
• Time-span (not to exceed one year);
• Provider name;
• NPI; and
• Date and authorized signature.

Providers may utilize the following methods of referral:
• Documented telephone referrals;
• Referral letters;
• Customized referral forms;
• Other insurance referral forms;
• Hospital admittance letters;
• Certificates of medical necessity (CMN);
• Referral cards;
• Other (must contain “required referral information”).

In addition to required information, the provider may include other information such as:
• Specific directions;
• Progress notes;
• What services should be referred back to the provider.

**REFERRAL RECORDS REQUIREMENTS**

The referring and referred to provider must maintain documentation of the referral; documentation may
be electronic or in writing. Following the provision of the specified services for the recipient, the referred
to provider should transmit, electronically or in writing, the medical information, test results, and any
diagnostic findings and treatment recommendations resulting from the provision of the service to the
referring provider. In any such transmission, the referred to provider should specifically identify needs
for additional care and treatment, including follow-up care. Upon receiving this transmission, the
referring provider should incorporate the information transmitted into the patient’s medical record.

**CARE MANAGEMENT RETRO REFERRALS**

Retro referrals may be given at the provider’s discretion. South Dakota Medicaid suggests the recipient
has been seen by provider within the past 12 months and/or the provider was aware of the condition for
which the recipient sought treatment.

In the case of an emergency room visit or urgent care visit, the provider may provide a retro referral at
the provider’s discretion. South Dakota Medicaid suggests the recipient has been seen by provider
within the past 12 months and/or the provider was contacted prior to the recipient being seen in the ER.

**SERVICES REQUIRING A REFERRAL FOR CARE MANAGEMENT RECIPIENTS**

The following South Dakota Medicaid covered services must be provided by the recipient’s provider or
be referred/authorized by the provider for recipients in the PCP or HH programs:
• Physician/Clinic Services;
• Outpatient Hospital Services;
• Home Health Services;
• Rehabilitation Hospital Services;
• Psychological Treatment;
• Durable Medical Equipment Services;
• School District Services;
• Ambulatory Surgical Center Services;
• Well-Child Visits (screening);
• Mental Health Services;
• NPs, PAs, and Nurse Midwives;
• Residential Treatment;
• Ophthalmology (medical complications, non-routine);
• Therapy (Physical/Speech);
• Community Mental Health Centers;
• Pregnancy-related Services;
• Lab/X-Ray Services (at a facility other than the PCP’s).

In-house referrals are considered implied or otherwise automatic referrals. In-house referrals occur when a recipient is seen by a provider’s covering physician for primary care services within the same clinic (e.g., CNP, PA or other covering physician).

A specialty provider may refer the recipient for further medical services. Further referrals can only be extended within the original time frame initially authorized by the recipient’s provider (not to exceed one year) and for the original services or condition authorized. The services provided by the specialty provider must be within their scope of practice and covered by South Dakota Medicaid.

**SERVICES EXEMPT FROM A REFERRAL FOR CARE MANAGEMENT RECIPIENT**

The following covered services are exempt from referrals for recipients in the PCP or HH programs:

• “True” emergency services – if a provider instructs the recipient to seek emergency room care, South Dakota Medicaid will pay for the medical screening examination and other medically necessary emergency room services, without regard to whether the patient meets the prudent layperson standard. Verification of this referral is required, and confirmation must be documented;
• Pharmacy;
• Family planning services;
• Dental/orthodontic services including related services, such as a physical prior to oral surgery;
• Substance use disorder treatment;
• Podiatry services;
• Optometric/optical services (routine eye care);
• Chiropractic services;
• Immunizations;
- Mental health services for individuals who are diagnosed with a serious emotional disturbance as defined in ARSD 67:62:11:01 or serious mental illness as defined in ARSD 67:62:12:01;
- Ambulance/transportation;
- Anesthesiology;
- Independent radiology/pathology;
- Independent lab/x-ray services *(when sending samples or specimens to any outside facility for analysis only).
- Urgent Care Visits (up to 4 visits a fiscal year, July 1-June 30, are exempt for referral).

**INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE (IHS) SERVICES/ TRIBAL 638 AND REFERRALS**

American Indian recipients may choose but are not required to choose Indian Health Services (IHS)/Tribal 638 as their PCP. If they do not choose IHS/Tribal 638 as their PCP they can still receive services at any IHS/Tribal 638 facility without a referral from their PCP.

When the IHS/Tribal 638 provider is unable to treat the recipient because they require more specialized services, they may refer the recipient to another provider by using one of the listed referral methods above. The referral is not required to come from the recipient’s PCP; however, it must come from a provider in the IHS/Tribal 638 facility. The original IHS/Tribal 638 referral covers any subsequent referrals including referrals made to providers out of the IHS/Tribal 638 facility. Claims for services referred by IHS must be submitted with the IHS/Tribal 638 referral information on the claim form.

**IHS/ TRIBAL 638 CARE COORDINATION AGREEMENTS**

Services referred by Indian Health Services IHS/ Tribal 638 to a provider that has a fully executed care coordination agreement with IHS/ Tribal 638 are eligible for 100 percent Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) rather than the state’s traditional FMAP rate.
To qualify for the enhanced FMAP a referral must be made by IHS/ Tribal 638 even if the services is exempt from requiring a referral under the care management program. The specialty provider/provider receiving the referral from IHS/ Tribal 638 must also comply with the Referral Records Requirement section of this manual and the provisions of the signed care coordination agreement.

**DEFINITIONS**

1. “Care Management Programs” a term that encompasses both the Primary Care Provider Program and Health Home Program.
2. “Provider” a Primary Care Provider (PCP), Health Home provider (HH), or designated covering provider.
3. “Recipient” a person who is determined by the department to be eligible for South Dakota Medicaid/CHIP services.
4. “Specialty Provider” a provider to whom the PCP, HH provider, or designating covering provider referred the recipient. In some instances, a specialty provider may be a general practitioner.

**QUICK ANSWERS**

1. **Can a retroactive referral override claim submission timely filing requirement?**
   
   No, a retro referral cannot override a denial for timely filing.

2. **I referred a patient to a specialist who then referred him/her to another specialist. What do I need to do?**
   
   It is the responsibility of the patient to ensure the referral is in place prior to their appointment. The referral that was issued by the provider should be communicated to the specialty provider. If the specialty provider refers to another specialty provider, then they will communicate the original referral to the next specialty provider.

3. **Can an American Indian recipient be seen at an IHS/Tribal 638 facility without a referral from their provider?**
   
   Yes.

4. **If IHS/Tribal 638 is not an American Indian recipient’s provider, can IHS/Tribal 638 refer the recipient to another provider? Can I see the recipient without a referral from their PCP?**
   
   Yes, when IHS/Tribal 638 is unable to treat the recipient because they require more specialized services IHS/Tribal 638 may refer the recipient to a specialty provider. Any further referrals directly related to the original IHS/Tribal 638 referral is also outside of the Care Management Program requirements. Claims for services referred by IHS/Tribal 638 must be submitted with the IHS/Tribal 638 referral information on the claim form.

5. **I have not seen a patient in a long time. Another provider is requesting a referral. Am I required to provide a referral?**
No, you are not required to provide a referral. Referrals may be made at your discretion. Referrals should be used if you are unable to provide the service to the patient. Please contact South Dakota Medicaid Care Management staff if you would like to inquire about having a recipient removed from your caseload.

Care Management Staff
Phone: (605) 773-3495
Fax: (605) 773-5246
Email: Medical@state.sd.us

6. Do I need to use a “purple card” for Medicaid referrals?

No. South Dakota Medicaid does not require providers to use a specific form for referrals. Referrals must contain the information noted in this manual, but do not need to use a specific form or the old “purple card.”